

### Barstow Area Consortium for Adult Education Board AGENDA Barstow Community College, Administration Conference Room Monday, February 22, 2021 (4:00 p.m. – 6:00 p.m.) (<sup>¤</sup>Materials in Board Packet)

DUE TO COVID-19, THIS MEETING WILL BE HELD ON ZOOM; THE PUBLIC IS INVITED TO PARTICIPATE

ZOOM URL: https://barstow-edu.zoom.us/j/94538921984

PLEASE NOTE: Agenda related documents distributed to the BACAE Board for the Board Meeting may be viewed in the President's Office at Barstow Community College, 2700 Barstow Rd, Barstow, CA 92311. Individuals who require special accommodation, including but not limited to an American sign language interpreter, accessible seating, or documentation in accessible formats, should contact the BACAE Coordinator at <u>erivera@barstow.edu</u> at least two days before the meeting date.

Call to Order: 4:00 p.m.

Attending:	Voting Member	Voting Member	Attendee
Baker Valley	🔀 Cecil Edwards		
Barstow CC	🖂 Eva Bagg		🖂 Herbert English
			🖂 Pattie Alaimalo
			🖂 Terri Walker
Barstow AS	🛛 Scott Godfrey	🗌 Jeff Malan	🖂 Michelle Colleoc
Silver Valley	Jeff Youskievicz	🛛 Brice Scott	
Consortium Staff	🔀 Elena Rivera	🖂 Mitch Rosin	🖂 Jackie Diaz

1. <sup>¤</sup>Approval of Minutes – January 19, 2021

Motion to approve by S. Godfrey; 2<sup>nd</sup> by E. Bagg

2. Public Comment – Public comment will be allowed on any topic relevant to the BACAE. Pursuant to BACAE Policy, comments are limited to 3 minutes per person. Please begin your comment by stating your name.

3. Closed Session - None Requested

### 4. Consortium Director's Report

- 4.1 CAEP Deadlines Upcoming
  - January 2021

- Jan 31: Student Data due in TOPSPro (Q2) - COMPLETED

February 2021

- Feb 28: Preliminary allocations for 2021-22 and 2022-23 released by this date.

March 2021

- Mar 1: 18/19 and 19/20 and 20/21 Member Expense Report due in NOVA (Q2)
- Mar 1: Close out of 18/19 Member Funds due in NOVA
- Mar 31: 18/19 and 19/20 and 20/21 Member Expense Report certified by Consortia in NOVA (Q2)
- Mar 31: Close out of 18/19 funds in NOVA certified by Consortia in NOVA
- Mar 31: End of Q3

April 2021

- Apr 30: Student Data due in TOPSPro (Q3)

- 4.2 Governor's Preliminary Budget for 2021-22

   <sup>a</sup>Preliminary Budget Released February 10, 2021
   BACAE 2020-2021 = \$926,679
   BACAE 2021-2022 = \$940,578 (COLA increase of \$13,899)
- 4.3 <sup>a</sup>CAEP Webinar: NOVA 2018-2019 Close-Out - Due March 1, 2021, in NOVA as part of Q2 Fiscal Submission
- 4.4 <sup>a</sup>CAEP Guidance: Program Fee Policy Reminder
- 4.5 <sup>¤</sup>CAEAA: Conference Report Out
  - CDE Update
  - Legislative Update
  - CAEP Update
- 4.6 Consortium Director Updates: BACAE Working Group met on Feb. 11, where M. Rosin presented "Innovation and Leadership: Theory to practice for Adult Educators." Next Working Group session will be March 11 at 4pm. The next three months the discussion will be on Equity, Social Justice and Systemic Racism. BACAE Student Workshop was held on Thursday, Feb. 3 via Zoom conducted by Career Institute to share about their partnership with PG&E and other local business to have paid internship program for adults ages 18 to 24 to gain employment experience. AE counselors are busy meeting with AE and ESL students in transitioning to BCC and creating educational plans. Our bilingual counselor has also stepped to help translate Student Services fliers into Spanish to reach out to more students. BACAE Stakeholders meeting will be held on March 25, 2021 at 2pm, as an open invitation. It will be to faculty, staff, and administrators to hold a discussion of what direction BACAE should follow for 2021-2022 coming out of the pandemic.
- 4.7 Member Program Update: BAS M. Colleoc shared there are 285 students enrolled; 187 in the High School Diploma; and 98 in the GED prep. There have been 6 graduates thus far. Students continue to complete units every week.
- 4.8 Member Program Update: BCC E. Bagg shared planning sessions are being held to identify the location and building of the new Innovation & Entrepreneur Center which will target and support adult learners. There are two non-credit certificates, Trades Technician and Customer Services Skills that will hopefully be approved by the Chancellor's office by fall 2021. An ESL Student Support Services Virtual Open House was held on February 19 and it was well attended and successful. There were six presentations to the students to share about programs and services available to BCC students. Digital Literacy is now available to ESL student offered by faculty via the TLSC Center. There is a new Basic Skills instructor and class at Ft. Irwin. Aztec Software will be used to supplement instruction. BCC is waiting for specific direction from the Ft. Irwin Education Office to develop the logistical needs to support the instruction and class/testing schedule.
- 4.9 Member Program Update: BVUSD C. Edwards reported he is currently recovering. They continue to reach out to the community to expand the Adult Ed. program and Baker Valley.

- 4.10 Member Program Update: SVUSD B. Scott shared they have an enrollment of 102. They have been receiving many referrals from M. Colleoc and students from the Barstow Area. They building a stronger partnership with Ft. Irwin and reaching out to military spouses to expand the ESL program. They are using social media and being creative to connect with students. Testing students has been challenging as many don't make their scheduled appointments.
- 4.11 BCC Fiscal Agent Report P. Alaimalo reported all March invoices have been processed for payment and sent via Jet Mail. All District Members have redeemed all warrants.
- 4.12 <sup>\*</sup>Marketing & Social Media Update: Phoenix Design
- 5. Discussion Items
  - 5.1 <sup>a</sup>Data Integrity Reports
- 6. Action Items NONE
- 7. Announcements
  - 7.1 Conferences
    - March 11, 2021: ACCE Virtual
    - March 21 24, 2021: COABE Virtual
    - March 3, 2021: CCAOE Virtual
    - April 21 23, 2021: CCAE Virtual
    - April 30 May 1, 2021: Career Non-Credit Education Institute Virtual
    - June 14 16, 2021: CASAS Virtual
  - 7.2 2020-2021 Board Meeting Dates (2:00 pm 4:00 pm via Zoom / 3<sup>rd</sup> Tuesday of the Month)

2021		
March 16, 2021 – CFAD Review		
April 20, 2021 – CFAD Vote		
May 18, 2021		
June 15, 2021 – Annual Plan Retreat		

7.3 BACAE Working Group Meetings (Zoom)

2021		
March 11, 2021		
April 8, 2021		
May 13, 2021		

8. Adjournment: 4:50 p.m.

Motion to approve by S. Godfrey; 2<sup>nd</sup> by E. Bagg

Supporting Transition from Adult Education to Postsecondary Education and Employment in CA

March 11, 2021



equitable career pathways

# Please provide your name, institution, and role in the chat box



### Who We Are

Peter Simon Co-Founder High Road Alliance Jennie Mollica Co-Founder High Road Alliance

We convene partnerships to open doors to equitable, inclusive employment opportunities and career advancement.



### Objectives

- Learn about recent research on effective transition practices in CA
- Hear from a panel of adult education leaders about their work supporting students' transitions
- Participate in Q&A with the panelists, discussion, and sharing of transition practices



# **Effective Transition Practices in California**



"... to rethink and redesign an educational system that creates seamless transitions for students across adult schools and community colleges to accelerate academic and career success in order to earn a living wage."

> Purpose of AB 86, the legislation that launched what is now the California Adult Education Program (CAEP)



#### **Transition Support**

### Curriculum and Instruction

- Short-term CTE training
- Integrated Education and Training (IET)
- Mirrored Classes
- Pre-Apprenticeship
- Bridges and Boot Camps
- AWD Bridges

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### Student Support Services

- Adult Education/College Transition Staff and Classes
- Technology Supporting Adult Education/College Transition
  - Peer Tutoring and Mentoring
- Adult Education/Employment Transition Staff

### Partnerships and Leveraged Resources

- Community Colleges
- Public Workforce System & Other Public Agencies
- Employers and Industry Organizations
- Community-Based Organizations

### Organizational Structure and Funding

Employment Short-Term Occupational Programs

Community

College

Adult Education/ Noncredit

- Adult Basic Education (ABE)
- High School Diploma/GED (ASE)
- English as a Second Language
- Short-Term Career Technical Education (CTE)
- Pre-Apprenticeship
- Adults with Disabilities
- Child Success in School

## How are CAEP Consortia Supporting Transition?

# Interviews were conducted with administrators and instructors representing 30

consortia in all regions of the state

### Questions were asked about:

- Curriculum and instruction
- Student support services
- Partnerships and referrals
- Staff roles
- Data management
- Organizational structures
- Funding sources



Supporting Transition from Adult Education to Postsecondary Education and Employment in California

> Authored By: Jennie Mollica and Peter Simon High Road Alliance





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# Transition Effective Practices Among CAEP Consortia



# Overarching Themes

- Integration of basic skills, career education, and support services
- Partnerships and co-location
- Personalized, relationship-based services



### Student Support Services

Transition Counselors Transition Support Classes Peer Tutoring Peer Mentoring

Partnerships with colleges, workforce boards, CBOs, industry...

Partnerships

Organizational structure Leveraged funds Organization

Short-term CTE IET Mirrored classes Pre-apprenticeship Bridge programas

Curriculum and Instruction



### Curriculum and Instruction

- Short-term CTE
- Integrated Education and Training (IET)
- Mirrored Classes
- Pre-apprenticeships and Bridge Programs



## Student Support Services

- Transition Counselor or Navigator
- Transition Support Classes
- Use of Technology to Support Holistic Case Management
- Peer Tutoring
- Peer Mentoring



### Partnerships and Referrals

- Community College
- Public Workforce Development System
- Other Public Agencies
- Employers/Industry
- Community-based Organizations



### Organization

- Funds Maintained at Consortium Level for Collaborative Activities
- Cross-Agency Co-teaching and Co-counseling
- Interagency Service Agreements
- Leveraging Multiple Funding Sources



# **Our Panelists**

- Emma Diaz, Inland Adult Education Consortium
- Pete Gonzalez, Inland Adult Education Consortium
- Frank Gerdeman, ADVANCE (Lake Tahoe) Adult Education Consortium
- Eric Pomeroy, North Central Adult Education Consortium



# What have you found most important to keeping 'transition' front and center in your consortium's work?



How are you using CAEP funds and other resources and partnerships to keep transition front and center?



What have been the most significant challenges with addressing students' transition goals, and how have you addressed them? What resources are you using to address these challenges?



How do you track and use data to strengthen your transition services?



# Do you have any closing thoughts or a final take-away to share?



# Q&A Discussion & Sharing Effective Practices



### Closing

- Webinar evaluation survey link (in chat)
- Reach out to today's presenters and panelists!
- Read the briefs (link in chat)
- Look out for future invitations to join a CAEP community of practice



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Supporting Transition from Adult Education to Postsecondary Education and Employment in California

> Authored By: Jennie Mollica and Peter Simon High Road Alliance



### Introduction

The purpose of AB 86, the legislation that launched what is now the California Adult Education Program (CAEP), was "... to **rethink** and **redesign** an educational system that creates **seamless transitions** for students across adult schools and community colleges **to accelerate academic and career success in order to earn a living wage**."<sup>1</sup> (*emphasis added*) Since 2014, the seventy-one adult education consortia across the state have built programs and systems to support these seamless transitions for the many Californians who need language, basic skills and other forms of instruction to reach their academic and career objectives.<sup>2</sup>

Transition encompasses a very wide range of activities. In the context of this research project, transition is broadly defined as a student's progression from one of the mandated program areas (adult basic education, high school diploma/GED education, English as a second language, short-term career technical education, pre-apprenticeship, programs for adults with disabilities, and parent education) into community college, short-term training, or employment (Figure 1).

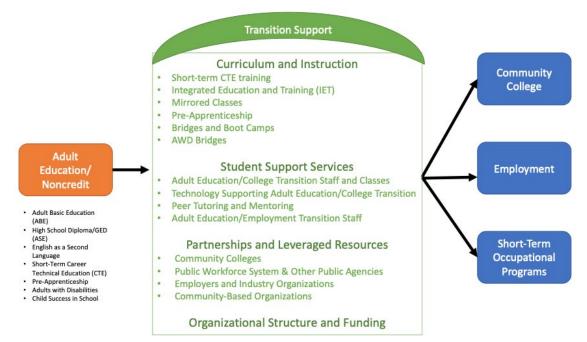


Figure 1: Transition Support from Adult Education to Community College, Employment, & Short-Term CTE

### Identifying Effective Transition Practices: Purpose and Methods

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 2016-17 AEBG Annual Plan Template

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 5.2 million Californians lack a high school diploma or GED (US Census, American Community Survey 2015) . 6.2 million are English language learners (McHugh, Margie and Morawski, Madeleine. (2015) Immigrants and WIOA Services: Comparison of Sociodemographic Characteristics of Native- and Foreign-Born Adults in California. Washington, D.C.: Migration Policy Institute.)

The purpose of this brief is to identify a range of ways that CAEP adult education consortia and their partners are supporting student transition. By capturing these practices, CAEP will complement quantitative data captured in the Adult Education Pipeline dashboard of the California Community College LaunchBoard data clearinghouse. The brief is intended to inform CAEP practitioners about creative solutions developed by their peers and inspire further innovation and collaboration to better serve students transitioning to postsecondary education and employment.

To identify and learn about these effective practices, interviews were conducted with administrators and instructors representing 30 consortia in all regions of the state. Interviewees were asked about the roles their institutions play in supporting transition through curriculum and instruction, student support services, community connections and referrals, and organizational structure and funding. They were asked to describe the partnerships, staff roles, data management tools, and funding sources that support their work in this area. Responses were analyzed to identify widely-used effective practices, as well as innovations that stood out for their creativity, resourcefulness, or impact.

### **Curriculum and Instruction**

The consortia interviewed cited a broad spectrum of instructional programs ranging from those situated completely at the adult school level to many that involve collaboration with college or community partners, providing pathways from basic skills education to noncredit short-term training or credit-bearing community college programs. A common aspect of many of the noted offerings is the effort to make the next steps on the education and career pathways explicit to students, and linking or scaffolding programs to foster transition.

### Short-term CTE Training

Consortia described providing a range of **short-term career technical education (CTE) programs**, many of which partner closely with employers and yield industry-recognized credentials to ease students' transition to employment. One consortium has developed a Career Skills Institute, offering short-term training leading to credentials and employment opportunities in business, information technology, and digital media. Other consortia have built or refined CTE programs that prepare students in a short period of time for entry into specific occupations or apprenticeships. One consortium is preparing to offer multiple short-term training programs relevant to small business development under the umbrella of a new Entrepreneurship Center. Often these short-term programs incorporate job readiness skills training, on topics such as resume writing, interviewing, and a range of "soft skills" that are often cited as lacking by employers.

Several members of the **Riverside/About Students Adult Education Consortium** offer training that prepares students for jobs at the adult schools' member school districts in high-demand occupations, such as food handling and custodial work. Classes were custom-designed to respond to hiring needs, and program graduates receive certification that makes them eligible to fill open positions at the districts. Collaboration among consortium members means that lessons learned from this innovative

practice are shared in hopes of scaling it regionally.

#### Integrated Education and Training (IET)

A growing number of CAEP programs describe **integrating ESL, English, and math skills with occupational training**, often involving both basic skills and a CTE instructor as co-teachers. This integrated education and training (IET) model accelerates progress toward acquisition of occupational skills and fosters learning of language and math skills by contextualizing them to the target CTE area and job classifications. One consortium described building on this model to also incorporate paid work-based learning and student services, to better equip students for success during the program and upon graduation.

One challenge in offering IET is **covering the costs of two teachers in one classroom**. In several consortia, two adult school teachers co-instruct, such as in one program that merges Home Health Aide training and an ESL sequence of classes. The most cost-effective approach mentioned by several consortia, however, involves a college CTE instructor co-teaching with an adult school basic skills or ESL teacher. While CAEP funding does not allow for payment of a college credit instructor, an adult school teacher may be paid for by CAEP (or other) funds while co-teaching in the same class with a college instructor. It is important to note that adult school teachers and community college instructors co-teaching in the IET context need time to prepare and plan, as well as professional development in this new form of collaborative instruction. Consortia reported utilizing a range of funding sources to support this planning and development by IET teachers, including CAEP, community college Strong Workforce Program (SWP), and WIOA Title II funds.

**Delta Sierra Adult Education Alliance** created a one-month bridge to allied health CTE programs that used IET to make introductory career education accessible to English learners. The class was co-taught by a college health science instructor and an adult school ESL teacher, who collaborated to deliver a seamless classroom experience. Student persistence in the class was high, and graduates continued on to credit-bearing CTE programs having already achieved certification in CPR and First Aid.

#### **Mirrored Classes**

Community colleges are able to offer "mirrored" classes, or **concurrent noncredit and credit course sections that take place in the same classroom**. Mirrored classes offer several advantages for adult learners. By taking a college class as noncredit — whether at an adult school or a community college students avoid having to complete the college credit appplication process (which can be a significant obstacle, especially for undocumented students), incur tuition costs, or worry about grades. A non-credit course is a low-risk option for a student who is still exploring occupational interests, because it can be repeated if necessary and will not count against financial aid limits. Several consortia described using mirrored classes to assure slots for adult education students in community college CTE courses, and to facilitate the transition from noncredit to credit programs. Two consortia noted that they offer all six levels of the college-level ESL course sequence in a mirrored format at their partnering adult schools. South Bay Adult Education Consortium's community college partner, El Camino College, has created noncredit mirrored classes for all of their credit ESL classes, including three levels of grammar, reading, and listening & speaking courses. Some lower-level classes are offered at partnering adult schools, while others take place at the college but are open to adult school students. Each noncredit section enrolls both adult school students and community college students. El Camino also offers a range of noncredit VESL classes in industries such as health care and construction trades, and is exploring offering mirrored noncredit/credit CTE course sections in the future.

#### **Pre-Apprenticeship**

A number of consortia are offering or developing **pre-apprenticeship programs**, some of which are registered with the Department of Apprenticeship Standards (DAS) and facilitate direct entry into registered apprenticeships (RAs). Pre-apprenticeships can prepare students for a single apprenticeable occupation, or for a range of occupations (e.g. building trades, health care). Several consortia described making apprenticeship accessible to students with limited basic academic skills by using IET to integrate contextualized ESL and Math. One consortium has developed a general Math Preparation for Apprenticeship course that functions as a pre-apprenticeship. Another consortium invites ESL students to enroll alongside non-ESL students in its exploratory pre-apprenticeship certificate, which leads graduates to multiple RAs. A consortium with success in IET and strong partnerships with community college apprenticeship programs is now in the process of developing pre-apprenticeships, transforming several entry-level CTE programs to link them formally to RAs.

**Sonoma County Adult Education Consortium** responded to emerging labor market demand following recent large wildfires by launching a pre-apprenticeship-to-apprenticeship pathway in Landscaping for Fire Abatement and Prevention. The noncredit pre-apprenticeship, offered by Santa Rosa Junior College (SRJC), includes bilingual short-term classroom training and hands-on work experience on the SRJC farm. Students are prepared to enter an arborist apprenticeship program offered in conjunction with several major tree service firms, or — through a partnership between SRJC and the County of Sonoma — to enter employment on fire abatement crews. The pre-apprenticeship classes also stack directly into SRJC's Natural Resources certificate and associate's degree. Contextualized ESL and math courses are offered for students who need additional basic skills instruction.

#### **Bridges and Boot Camps**

**Bridge programs** prepare adult education students to enter and succeed in credit-bearing postsecondary education and training leading to career-path employment. Bridge programs typically provide a combination of academic and career technical instruction, along with college readiness support, career guidance, counseling, and transition support services. **Boot camps** meet a similar goal and are generally offered in a more compressed timeframe, making them especially valuable for displaced workers needing rapid employment. A number of consortia offer bridge programs and boot camps to assist with the transition from adult education to credit programs at the community college.

**Inland Adult Education Consortium** currently offers its five-week summer bridge program for adult education students transitioning to community college in an entirely online format. The program includes a student development course, a math refresher, EOPS counseling, and support services for students with disabilities. Students are assisted with goal-setting, career exploration, and financial planning; given an overview of the technology applications needed for online study; and oriented to the community college campus and resources. The counseling course also equips students with college success strategies, stress management techniques, and study skills.

### Adults with Disabilities (AWD) Bridges

While serving adults with disabilities is one of the mandated program areas under AB 104, a number of consortia have struggled to secure adequate resources to serve this population. Consortia who reported success in this area have leveraged partnerships with outside agencies and willing employers to create effective **AWD training programs** and assure transitions to continuing education or employment. The California Department of Rehabilitation (DOR), local social service agencies, and employers have been important partners. One program utilizes college WorkAbility II funds and relationships with local employers to create paid work experience for participants. Another key feature of successful programs is a flexible approach to creating an educational plan for each student based on the individual's needs and transition goals.

**Mid-Alameda County Consortium** offers multiple programs to address the training and employment needs of adults with intellectual or developmental disabilities. Each participating student receives assistance from adult school staff, in partnership with Disability Determination services (DDS) and Department of Rehabilitation (DOR) counselors, to craft an individual educational plan. Courses are offered in Life Skills, Functional Academics, Workplace Skills, and Community Access Skills. The program leverages funds from a variety of state and local agencies and engages employers in food service, landscaping, hospitality, and other industries to secure internships and employment.

### **Student Support Services**

#### Adult Education/College Transition Staff

The consortia interviewed noted the critical role of student support staff in **helping adult education students set goals, traverse the path between adult and post-secondary education, and address obstacles** that can stand in the way of successfully moving forward. These staff have various jobs titles — transition specialist, outreach specialist, navigator, transition liaison — but in all cases they ensure a warm hand-off and help students cross boundaries and progress toward their goals. Transition staff may be located at the community college or at an adult school, but the majority have some form of presence at both. Several consortia have transition staff co-located part-time at sites of community organizations serving immigrants, formerly incarcerated clients, and others. A vast number of transition staff and other student services representatives from adult schools, community colleges, and other partners compare notes about student needs and conduct in-service training.

**Citrus Adult Education Consortium** uses community college SWP funding to secure the time of a parttime college counselor as a transition specialist serving both the adult schools and Citrus College. With access to data from both educational systems, the transition specialist actively tracks the progress of students as they transition to college classes. The transition specialist also teaches college Student Success classes online and at adult schools and supports most of these students' transition to Citrus College.

Several consortia described **aligning transition support services to the community college Guided Pathways process**. Guided Pathways provides students with, "...clear, educationally coherent program maps that include specific course sequences, progress milestones, and program learning outcomes... The maps help to simplify decision-making for students by providing intentional opportunities for exploration and informed choices."<sup>3</sup> A major focus of Guided Pathways involves students' preparing for and getting on a clearly-defined path, which can include collaboration with adult education consortia. One consortium described a lengthy and deliberate process to align their adult education counseling with the colleges' new Guided Pathways counseling approach. Another consortium is accessing the colleges' SWP funds to enable adult education's participation in Guided Pathways planning and pilot projects.

### Adult Education/Community College Transition Support Classes

An important venue for sharing transition-related information and supporting student preparation and planning is in the classroom. Consoria described various types of **counseling classes** on topics such as career exploration, college success, academic readiness, or navigating the path to community college. Students in these classes access valuable information, as well as individualized support with their own college readiness, college application, and future career pathway planning. One consortium requires a career exploration class of all its CTE students, who benefit from both classroom activities and job shadowing. Another consortium requires a similar college and career course for all its GED/HSE program completers, to help them plan for the steps ahead. This sort of course is typically highly tailored to adult learners, designed to help them navigate the specific challenges of moving from adult education to post-secondary studies.

**Southwest Riverside Adult Education Consortium** includes a customized five-week College and Career Planning class with each of its CTE programs. These classes — which are currently offered for students in Child Development, Culinary Arts, Digital Communication, Business Communication, Automotive Service Technology, and the Construction Pre-Apprenticeship — include soft skills contextualized for the industry and lead to certificates of completion. The classes intentionally enroll college students alongside transitioning noncredit adult education students, to create community and shared interest among these blended student groups.

### Technology Supporting Adult Education/Community College Transition

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> <u>https://www.cccco.edu/College-Professionals/Guided-Pathways</u>

Across the CAEP landscape, student support staff, often working in tandem with teachers, employ technology effectively to stay in touch with students and make needed transition information and assistance accessible. Many consortia spoke of **online platforms** that allow adult education students to make appointments with counselors, access planning tools, and locate potential employment. A number of consortia mentioned **"intrusive counseling" in online instruction**, whereby transition staff participate in synchronous online classes to share key transition information and identify student needs. The necessity of offering support services online has also hastened the development of **data sharing agreements** within consortia to make coordinated transition services and case management more efficient. One consortium has put the **noncredit and credit CCC Apply process online** on a platform where students can view a bilingual tutorial on the application process, and an Outreach Specialist can review students applications for completeness and message other support staff when the application is complete.

#### Peer Tutoring and Mentoring to Support Transition

A number of consortia engage more academically advanced students to support adult learners during the transition process. One effective model involves community college students **mentoring near-peers** as they complete their adult school classes and move into their first college experience. Other programs use **students as academic tutors** to support learners' readiness for college-level instruction.

**North Orange Adult Education Consortium's** ESL Mentoring Program hires six student mentors to follow adult school students during their first two semesters of community college classes. The ESL mentors lead campus tours that include showing students where to buy books and how to find their classrooms and credit student services. The mentors also provide individualized assistance with CCC Apply, financial aid or California Dream Act applications, credit class registration, and anything else needed to make new students comfortable in the community college environment.

### Adult Education/Employment Transition Staff

As adult schools' have renewed their emphasis on transition to employment, some consortia have assigned staff to **assist students with career planning**, **job readiness skills**, **and job placement**. One consortium has a Regional Career Navigator and Job Developer who focuses on connecting adult school students with the local Workforce Development Board services and to jobs. Another consortium uses CAEP funds to support a career advisor at each adult education site. Additionally, many consortia work collaboratively with their local workforce development system (see Partnerships, below) to leverage staffing and augment the adult schools' limited staff capacity for employment-related services.

### Partnerships

Partnerships— both within adult education consortia and with key community organizations and employers — are essential to addressing the many needs of adult learners in transition. Given the limited funding and purview of adult education consortia, their collaboration with community colleges, the public

workforce system, government agencies, employers and industry organizations, and community-based organizations (CBOs) provides the resources, knowledge base, and specific services necessary to achieve genuine impact on students' transition success.

### **Community Colleges**

Community colleges are themselves consortium members and providers of noncredit adult education, collaboratively addressing the immense needs for English language instruction, high school diploma or equivalency preparation, and short-term CTE training. Additionally, colleges engage their credit-side instructors, counselors, outreach teams, data managers, admissions personnel, and others to support transitions into the college. A range of intra-consortium collaborative practices have been mentioned in this brief, including co-located classes, co-teaching and counseling, data-sharing agreements, and enrollment assistance. With the enactment of SB 554, consortia now **enroll adult learners pursuing a high school diploma in credit-bearing college courses**, capturing the benefits of high school dual enrollment programs. One consortium described **adopting the community college's online teaching at the college**.

**Coast Adult Education Consortium** developed an Inter-agency Services Agreement (ISA) that enables its partner community colleges to pay adjunct faculty and qualified adult school teachers to offer noncredit ESL and short-term CTE classes at the adult schools. This agreement allows for the colleges to collect FTES payments and the adult schools to document increased enrollments and outcomes. The arrangement takes advantage of the colleges' capacity to grow, has potential to greatly increase the adult schools' class capacity, and creates a seamless transition from adult school to community college through co-enrollment. Other consortia are now looking at the potential to use the ISA approach in their regions.

#### Public Workforce Development System

Many consortia reported innovative and substantial partnerships with their Local Workforce Development Boards (LWDBs) that provide adult school students with job search information, training opportunities, and assistance with job placements. Some consortia **co-locate transition staff at the local AJCCs** or dedicate staff to co-enrollment, navigation, and resource-leveraging between the two systems. In some consortia, the **AJCC and adult school fully co-locate** their services at an adult school, college, or AJCC facility. Several consortia mentioned how putting their **short-term training programs on the statewide Eligible Training Provider List (ETPL)** opened the door for providing WIOA Title I supports (including training vouchers, work-experience and on-the-job funds, tools, work clothing, childcare, and transportation assistance) to eligible transitioning students. A number of consortia described their commitment to **tracking student outcomes across the adult education and workforce systems**, either by entering all students in CalJobs or by tracking student contacts with a navigator who bridges the adult school and the AJCC.

**GlendaleLEARNS** is a notable example of deep consortium/LWDB partnership. The CAEP consortium coordinator reports to both the community college dean of adult education and the LWDB executive director, is housed at the LWDB, and coordinates a co-located adult school in the AJCC. The coordinator actively facilitates career pathway development and student co-enrollment in WIOA and adult education programs.

### **Other Public Agencies**

In addition to partnering with the public workforce development system, consortia worked with several other public agencies to bring resources to adult learners and leverage funding. As noted above, **DOR** provides funding and direct assistance to adults with disabilities. The **California Department of Corrections (DOC) and county probation departments** are essential partners in serving adults in and exiting the justice system. The **CalWORKs** program, supported by the California Department of Social Services, (CDSS) brings resources to student parents via colleges' EOPS programs. The **California Employment Department (EDD) and the California Workforce Development Board (CWDB)** distribute discretionary grants — such as the English Language Learner Navigator and Co-Enrollment grants — that augment the capacity of some consortia and allow for the seeding of innovative practices. Also, multiple consortia have established close relationships with their **public libraries**, which provide convenient and trusted community locations for basic literacy instruction and bridges into the adult schools.

**North Central Adult Education Consortium** not only collaborates extensively with its public workforce system (cross-training staff, and offering adult education classes at all AJCCs); it partnered with its LWDB to pursue a competitive *Prison to Employment* grant from the CWDB and the DOC that supports co-location of adult education classes and services both at the county jails and at the AJCCs for reentry clients. This regional partnership also provides services at a halfway house in the community to better reach individuals newly transitioning from the justice system.

#### **Employers and Industry Organizations**

Partnerships with employers, unions, and industry organizations are pivotal to adult education consortia's strategies to address students' employment needs and the great demand for skilled workers in a range of sectors. Several consortia described local employers providing much needed **work-based learning opportunities** (such as internships and job shadowing) for students in short-term training programs. Others referenced how **employers collaborated to develop short-term training curriculum** and created **adaptive opportunities for students with disabilities.** Consortia that offer pre-apprenticeships and apprenticeships worked actively with employers and unions to design these on-ramps to living wage jobs. One consortium described the benefits of having the **LWDB and the Chamber of Commerce on the consortium position** of **regional career navigator/job developer** to connect adult education students to LWDB resources and jobs.

**Capital Adult Education Regional Consortium** is one of many partners of the Sacramento Valley Manufacturing Initiative (SVMI). Through this partnership, manufacturers in the region provide technical expertise, resources and leadership for the Manufacturing Skills Center, located at the Sacramento City Unified School District-Adult Education's Charles A. Jones Careers and Education Center. The goal of the project is to create a menu of education and training services ranging from one day to nine months to prepare students for high-demand, high-quality jobs in local manufacturing industries. The participation of the region's adult schools ensures that adult education students have access to these training programs.

### **Community-Based Organizations**

Many of the consortia interviewed reported that partnerships with local community-based organizations (CBOs) have been key to reaching and serving students who might otherwise not enroll in adult education. A broad spectrum of organizations collaborate with consortia to recruit students, offer onsite classes, and provide social services in multiple languages. Consortia serving undocumented students, in particular, draw upon the resources of trusted CBOs to provide **legal aid, family supports, training programs, and co-case management**. Consortia also cited collaboration with CBOs to provide **tailored services to reentry clients, CalWORKs parents, and adults with disabilities**. One consortium works closely with United Cerebral Palsy to engage employers willing to support students' transition from AWD programs to employment. Another consortium has established a memorandum of understanding with a non-profit employment services organization; the adult school delivers industry-certified courses, and the CBO provides job placement support.

**State Center Adult Education Consortium** works with CBOs to address the needs of their area's many undocumented residents. Central Valley Immigrant Integration Collaborative (CIVIC), Centro de la Familia, United Farmworkers, and the Educational Leadership Foundation contribute legal assistance, classroom space for ESL classes, and family support services. With assistance from another CBO, Immigrant Rising, Madera Community College runs the Dream Center, a one-stop resource for DACA students offering assistance with AB 540 opportunities, DACA renewals, legal aid, mental health counseling, and academic advising.

### Organizational Structure and Funding

A final noteworthy theme from the interviews is that consortia are intentional and creative in their funding of transition programs and services. Following the significant cuts to adult education funding in 2009 and with the advent of CAEP, adult education consortia have worked regionally to plan service delivery and distribute finite resources across their members. To address immense unmet needs, some consortia have decided not only to divide funds amongst themselves, but to **retain funds at the consortium level for joint activities**. Consortia also described the ways they tap the strengths of multiple members through collaboration, such as adult school/community college co-teaching and adult school/AJCC co-counseling. One key factor in this collaboration is that while adult schools generally have a fixed budget that limits what classes they can offer, community colleges have a capacity and incentive to grow the number of courses they can provide and to expand their enrollment. This situation leads to interagency service

agreements such as those described in this report, which capitalize on the community colleges' capacity to teach adult education students and ease their transition to college instruction.

**ADVANCE (Lake Tahoe) Adult Education Consortium** takes a notable approach to its decision-making and funding allocation. Because the consortium was new in 2014, it was not restricted by the fiscal requirements of "maintenance of effort" that dictate some consortia's distribution of funds. The ADVANCE governing board — which includes a diversity of partners along with adult education providers, including the chamber of commerce and employer and community member representatives — elects to retain most of the funds at the consortium level. These resources are dedicated to regional staffing and activities, including personalized pathway planning and holistic case management, and the incubation of innovative and collaborative programs. ADVANCE also receives non-CAEP funding by providing WIOA Title I case management services under a subcontract agreement with the LWDB, and technical assistance contracts with other regional organizations.

Many consortia described the importance of also **accessing funding beyond CAEP and WIOA Title II** to expand their programming and services for adult learners. As described elsewhere in this report, they leverage federal WIOA Title I funds via the LWDBs, state and county grants and services, public library resources, community college FTES and SWP funds, union and employer support for pre-apprenticeships and apprenticeships, and employer-based internships and other on-the-job training opportunities. Consortia emphasized the vital role these non-adult education resources — and the collaborative relationships that underlie them — play in their ability to meet the various transition-related needs of adult learners.

### Conclusion

Interviews with CAEP consortia revealed a number of common themes in the ways they have taken on the challenges of supporting adult learners' transitions to employment or training. All have made efforts to leverage partnerships and resources - within their consortium and with a range of community, government, and industry entities - to maximize opportunities for adult education students to progress toward their identified goals. Striking is their commitment to move beyond institutional boundaries and develop collaborative solutions to their students' needs. To address the considerable demand for basic skills and English language instruction in their communities, as well as the need for avenues to living-wage employment, they have developed an impressive array of programs and support systems. Transition staff and other student support workers and peer mentors play important roles in ensuring that adult learners can successfully navigate these and other community services on the road to additional education or gainful work.

Looking ahead, there will be many avenues to build upon the range of effective practices outlined in this brief. Based on the input from those interviewed, it is clear that there is a great deal of interest among CAEP practitioners in creating additional venues for peer exchange of effective transition practices. The complexity of the multiple public systems and community partnerships involved in CAEP consortia — and the opportunities this presents for student educational success and career growth — suggest the value in strengthening community among these statewide leaders in adult education.

### **Additional Resources**

For more information on specific effective practices, and for contact information for exemplary programs, please contact CAEP TAP at <u>tap@caldulted.org</u> or (888) 827-2324. In Spring 2021, CAEP TAP will launch the *Advancing CA Adult Education* website (previously known as Practice with Promise). The new *Advancing CA Adult Education* site will be a repository of innovative, emerging, and model adult education programs throughout California that have demonstrated positive outcomes for students, agencies, and/or consortia. Model programs will be reviewed and added to the repository via a nomination process and will be awarded annually at the CAEP Summit. Beyond highlighting adult education programs, *Advancing CA Adult Education* will be a source for current research and practice aligned to the state priorities, CCCCO Vision of Success, and the CDE AEO State Plan. Practitioners are also invited to connect with colleagues eager to share about their program successes either individually or via online communities of practice. Stay tuned for more information and for the launch date.





March 3, 2021

To: CAEP Consortium Directors and Members

From: State CAEP Office

Subject: Notice of Targeted Technical Assistance (TTA) for Consortia Effectiveness

This memorandum is an official announcement that the State California Adult Education Program (CAEP) Office is rolling out targeted technical assistance (TTA) for the California Adult Education Program (CAEP) consortia and their members. The purpose of the TTA is to provide consortia leads and their members with structured, intensive coaching and support to positively affect student, member, and consortia outcomes. Activities will align to the mandates set forth in EC 84906 regarding the development of a consortiumapproved, three-year adult education plan and the expectation to include fiscal planning, program evaluation, data collection and analysis, goal setting tied to consortium effectiveness, transition to post-secondary and the workforce, instructor qualifications, and access to regional services and partnerships.

Consortia effectiveness is referenced in EC 84909 (d) (3). It states that a consortium's effectiveness in meeting the educational needs of adults in the adult education region based on available data is a factor in the chancellor and Superintendent determining consortia allocations. Furthermore, EC 84917 (a) (4) mandates the CAEP Office to annually report on the effectiveness of each consortium. Even though the field is still working to establish statewide performance goals and common measures for effectiveness, the CAEP Office is charged with an efficient and effective use of State funds in support of adult education programs. Targeted technical assistance helps with guidance on funding use, but it also intends to reduce equity gaps among traditionally underrepresented student groups and within regions with the lowest educational attainment of adults as outlined in the Chancellor's Office Vision for Success goals. In addition, targeted technical assistance will help align with WIOA performance indicators and measures that assess the effectiveness of States and local areas in achieving positive outcomes for individuals served by the workforce development system. As such, initial implementation of TTA will focus on consortia who have wide equity gaps and may be in need of additional resources to perform on the same level as other consortia.

Beginning in March 2021, selected CAEP regional consortia will be notified by the State CAEP Office to participate in this effort; there will be no application process. The CAEP Office has contracted with the Outreach and Technical Assistance Network (OTAN) and CAEP Technical Assistance Project (CAEP TAP), to oversee this project. The first iteration of TTA will focus on non-WIOA regional consortia with the primary aims of helping consortia better access to goal setting, planning, and professional learning services.



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Five coaches, experienced in adult education, consortia leadership, and program development, have been hired to support this work. Coaching activities will be individualized, but each consortium will complete a detailed consortium level self-assessment, develop or refine consortium-level goals and create an improvement plan to address them, build a roadmap for the next CAEP three-year planning process, and connect to professional development and resources that support the established goals. Consortia are encouraged to leverage other effectiveness efforts such as the WIOA Continuous Improvement Plan and WASC action plans. The initial phases of TTA will occur from March – June 2020, with an option for targeted technical assistance to extend for an additional 12 months. The CAEP Office intends to open TTA to additional WIOA and non-WIOA consortia in 2021-22 and will use data from 2020-21, in conjunction with prior years, to establish criteria for future TTA participants.

There are multiple levels of technical assistance (TA) available to consortia and members, targeted technical assistance is meant to be an additional support in these efforts. Consortia who are not selected in this first round, but feel they need consortia-level assistance should reach out to CAEP TAP for assistance. Three-year planning guidance will also be released via webinars and memos later this spring in preparation for the June 2022 submission.

If you have any questions regarding this memo, please contact CAEP TAP at tap@caladulted.org or (888) 827-2324. This memo can also be found on the CAEP website under Administrators/Policy/Guidance. The State CAEP Office is excited to be able to provide this level of support to consortia and looks forward to seeing the measurable impact it will have on students, consortia and their members and associated outcomes.

Sincerely,

The CAEP Office







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# BARSTOW AREA CONSORTIUM For Adult Education

## SOCIAL MEDIA REPORT Mar 2021

## FACEBOOK PAGE SUMMARY

Page Views February 11 - March 10

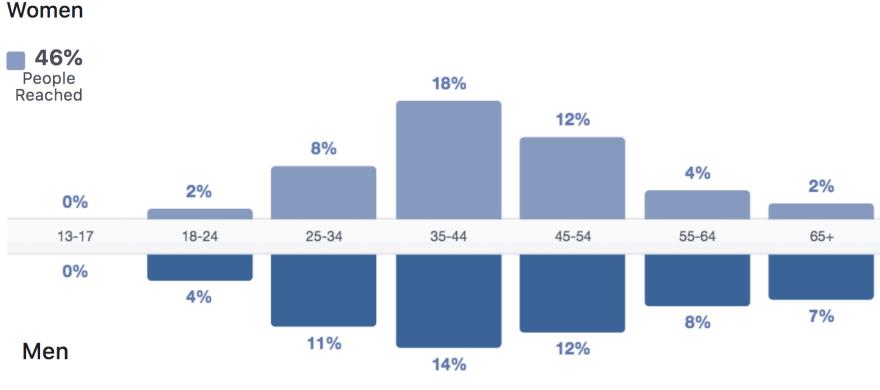
73 Total Page Views ▼17% Post Reach February 11 - March 10

5,172
People Reached **7%** 

**Post Engagement** February 11 - March 10

203 Post Engagement **▼19%** 

### Social Media Audience – Gender and Age –



People Reached

## Social Media Audience – Language Group –

Language	People Reac
English (US)	3,252
Spanish	1,232
Spanish (Spain)	114
English (UK)	34
French (France)	12
Arabic	10
Vietnamese	7
Portuguese (Brazil)	4
Simplified Chinese (Chi	4

Italian	3
Korean	2
Khmer	1
Thai	1
Malay	1
Hindi	1
Romanian	1

## **BARSTOW WEBSITE TRAFFIC**



MARCH 11, 2021	
VIEWS	42
L VISITORS	16
> VIEWS PER VISITOR	2.63

### **BARSTOW WEBSITE TRAFFIC AND PAGE PER VIEW**

## Stats for 30 days ending March 11, 2021 (Summarized)

Title	Views		
Home	174		
Programs & Classes	50		
Consortium Meetings	34	Member Schools	4
Contact Us	33	Consortium Documents	2
Career Technical Education (CTE)	25	English as a Second Language	2
High School Equivalency – GED	21	Educación en carreras técnicas (CTE	1
High School Diploma	18	Preparación para la ciudadanía	1
Technology Courses	13	Citizenship Preparation	1

## **BARSTOW WEBSITE LINKS CLICKS**

Stats for 30 days ending March 11, 2021 (Summarized)

Link		Clicks
~	www.barstow.k12.ca.us	28
~	www.barstow.edu	10
Z	aec.svusdk12.net	9
Z	baker.k12.ca.us	4
Z	docs.google.com/forms/d/e/1FAIpQLSf52ENWtz-MKjMm5Jm9wY9	1
Z	aebg.cccco.edu	1
Z	sbcovid19.com	1



2020-21 BACAE Allocation	\$926,679
2021-22 Proposed BACAE COLA	\$13,899
2021-22 Proposed BACAE Allocation	\$940,578

Agency		2020-21 CFAD	% of Allocation	Portion of COLA based	Tentative 2021-22
				on % of Allocation	CFAD
Baker Valley Adult School					
	TOTAL	\$64,348	7%	\$965	\$65,313
Barstow Community College					
	TOTAL	\$308,455	33%	\$4,626	\$313,081
Barstow Adult School					
	TOTAL	\$345,507	37%	\$5,182	\$350,689
Silver Valley Adult School					
	TOTAL	\$208,369	22%	\$3,125	\$211,494

TOTAL	\$926,679

\$940,578